

AILET ANALYSIS SAMPLE 1

ENGLISH

1	D	2	D	3	D	4	B	5	C	6	C	7	A	8	C	9	D	10	B
11	D	12	D	13	B	14	C	15	D	16	A	17	B	18	C	19	D	20	D
21	A	22	C	23	A	24	A	25	C	26	C	27	D	28	A	29	B	30	B
31	C	32	A	33	A	34	C	35	C	36	D	37	A	38	A	39	B	40	A
41	D	42	B	43	B	44	C	45	D	46	A	47	A	48	C	49	D	50	D

1. D. arguing that biocontrol agents involve risks, some of which may not be readily discerned. This is the main theme of the passage, which discusses the potential risks associated with biocontrol agents, both direct and indirect.
2. D. The risks of using native biocontrol agents may be easier to predict than the risks of using nonnative biocontrol agents. The passage emphasizes that non-native agents are more likely to adapt in unpredictable ways, making it harder to assess their potential risks.
3. D. Diminution of the positive effects conferred by a non-target animal species. The example of the blue butterfly extinction illustrates how a biocontrol agent can indirectly harm a non-target species by affecting its habitat.
4. B. A way in which the introduction of a biocontrol agent can affect a non-targeted species. The example of the virus introduced to control rabbits in England clearly demonstrates how a biocontrol agent can have unintended consequences for non-target species.
5. C. BDAC. The correct sequence should compare Buddhism and Christianity, focusing on their individualistic and societal perspectives. BDAC provides the most logical flow, starting with the individualistic nature of salvation in both religions (BD) and then comparing their analytical approaches (AC).
6. C. ACDB. The sequence should focus on the importance of Indian agriculture for overall development. ACDB provides the most logical flow, starting with the sociological and administrative aspects of the problem (AC) and then highlighting the connection between agriculture and overall progress (DB).
7. A. ABCD. The sequence should discuss the role of editors in literary magazines. ABCD provides the most logical flow, starting with the importance of editors (A) and then discussing the number of editors and contributions (BCD).
8. C. their extremism that goes along with it. The phrase "dogmatic" implies a rigid adherence to beliefs. The most appropriate option is the one that emphasizes the negative aspect of this rigidity, which is extremism.
9. D. consider the cultural biases of scientists. The passage emphasizes that science is influenced by cultural factors. Therefore, those who rely on scientific results should be aware of these biases.

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10. B. Lack of sunlight lowers the level of serotonin in the brain. The passage explicitly states that lack of sunlight causes seasonal depression and that carbohydrates boost serotonin levels. Therefore, it can be inferred that lack of sunlight lowers serotonin levels.

11. D. It has essentially been the status quo since America's founding. The passage states that the politicized nature of the press has not fundamentally changed since America's founding.

12. D. Early American journalists did not necessarily provide a balanced analysis of events. The passage mentions that early American newspapers were partisan and conveyed a particular political position, suggesting that they did not provide balanced analysis.

13. B. Over time, the First Amendment protections offered to the press have become absolute. The passage states that while the legal understanding of press freedoms has evolved, the First Amendment protections are not absolute, as there are still limitations imposed by the courts.

14. C. articles that comment negatively on a political affiliation. The passage mentions limitations on libel, obscenity, sedition, and publishing inflammatory material, but it does not specifically mention limitations on articles that comment negatively on a political affiliation.

15. D. Daytime streetlight regulations would probably do less to avert street crime in the continental United States than they do in the nations that have the regulations. The passage suggests that daytime visibility is worse in nations farther from the equator, implying that streetlight regulations would be more effective in those areas.

16. A. Prior to 1907 the mathematical analysis incorporated in engineering rules of thumb was insufficient to completely assure the safety of bridges under construction. The passage highlights that the Quebec Bridge disaster led to a shift towards more rigorous mathematical analysis in bridge design, implying that previous methods were insufficient.

17. B. The lack of education is the biggest reason for women's lack of achievements in the literary sphere. In the absence of the knowledge of basics, she would see the male creations as 'ideal' and try to copy them. The passage explicitly states that the lack of education was a major barrier for women in pursuing literary endeavors, leading them to imitate male literary traditions.

18. C. Attitudes of ants towards strangers of the same species may be categorized as hostile. The passage consistently describes how ants from different communities, even if of the same species, are attacked and seized when introduced to each other. This behavior demonstrates a hostile attitude towards strangers.

19. D. Only IV. The passage suggests that recognition is not based on a password but rather on inherent familiarity. Therefore, while the anecdotes support I, II, and III, they do not necessarily support the idea of a mysterious password.

20. D. Only IV. The passage states that chloroform was fatal to the ants, making it an ineffective method for studying their communication. While it's not explicitly mentioned, the other options (expense, unpredictable side effects, and unavailability) are less likely to be the primary reasons for chloroform's failure.

21. A. Statement A is inconsistent with the other statements, which discuss the decline in refining margins and its impact on RIL's profits. Statement A suggests an increase in earnings before interest and taxes, which contradicts the overall theme of the passage.

22. C. Statement C is irrelevant to the topic of the passage, which discusses the consolation prizes for Sachin Tendulkar. The other statements focus on the political implications of his nomination to the Rajya Sabha.

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23. A. the cost of higher education for many adults is prohibitively high. Both individuals express concerns about the affordability of higher education for working adults.
24. A. If the political platform of the third party is a compromise position between that of the two major parties, the third party will draw its voters equally from the two major parties. The passage suggests that a third party candidate attracts voters from both major parties. If the third party's platform is a compromise, it is more likely to appeal to voters from both sides equally.
25. C. a single tasteless and odorless drop can be detected. The correct option accurately conveys the idea that capsaicin is detectable despite its lack of taste and odor. When a word is used in several ways (as Noun, Adj, Verb) preference goes as per VAN rule (Verb>Adj>Noun). So, detected > detectable > detection.
26. C. a once-leading maker of buggy whips responds to the new availability of stick shifts by attempting to make better buggy whips. This option illustrates a defensive strategy, as the company is trying to cling to its existing product rather than adapting to the new technology.
27. D. DCBA. The correct sequence should introduce the concept of critical elections (D), define realignment (B), explain why recent Indian elections don't qualify as critical (C), and then discuss the pattern of semi-critical elections (A).
28. A. ABDC. The correct sequence should introduce the topic of trivial pursuits (A), explain the purpose behind creating an imaginary savior (B), mention the contenders for this role (C), and finally highlight the current champion (D).
29. B. three-dimensional. The passage describes jet streams as having a horizontal axis, but also mentions their depth and width. This indicates that they are three-dimensional.
30. B. Europe. The passage specifically mentions studies over Japan and the Mediterranean, both located in Europe.
31. C. Air currents. The passage defines jet streams as "strong, narrow air currents."
32. A. Some decisions are obvious under certain circumstances. You may, for example, readily accept a relative's offer of free holiday accommodation. Or step in for your boss when she is away. This option accurately captures the essence of the passage, which discusses easy decisions that are made based on specific circumstances. The passage mentions examples such as accepting a relative's offer and stepping in for a boss as "no-brainers," implying that they are straightforward decisions. B is not right because the boss did not offer any job. C is wrong because free holiday accommodation does not come that frequently in our lives. D is wrong because you never take the boss's job when she is away.
33. A. A. and D. "Hail" can mean to call out to or acclaim.
34. C. B. and D. "Buckle" can mean to fasten or become tense.
35. C. A. and D. "Blaze" can refer to a fire or a mark on a tree.
36. D. Antithesis. Antithesis is a figure of speech that contrasts two opposing ideas or images. In this sentence, the man is both a learned man among lords and a lord among learned men, creating a contrasting image.
37. A. Irony is a figure of speech where the intended meaning is contrary to what is expressed. In this case, the poem suggests that powerful symbols of royalty (sceptre and crown) will eventually fall and become equal to common tools (scythe and spade). This unexpected reversal creates a sense of irony.

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38. A. Metaphor. A metaphor compares two unlike things without using "like" or "as." Here, Macbeth's sword is compared to a carving tool.
39. B. Paradox. A paradox is a statement that seems contradictory but expresses a truth. The sentence suggests that doing nothing can be done well, which is a paradoxical statement.
40. A. Apostrophe. An apostrophe is a figure of speech that addresses a person or thing not present. Here, Dalhousie is being addressed as if he were present.
41. D. Litotes. Litotes is a figure of speech that uses understatement to emphasize a point. By saying "no common deliverer" and "no common foe," the sentence emphasizes the extraordinary nature of the rescue.
42. B. Every environmental regulation has been undermined by that industry. In this sentence, "Every environmental regulation" is the subject and "has been undermined" is the verb. The subject and verb agree in number (singular). The other options have errors in subject-verb agreement.
43. B. adapting and attuning to something. This idiom means to become comfortable or adjusted in a new situation.
44. C. being alert or well prepared. This idiom means to be alert, aware, and ready to respond.
45. D. withdraw abruptly and completely. This idiom means to stop doing something abruptly and completely, often referring to quitting a habit like smoking or drinking.
46. A. good luck. This is a common expression used to wish someone good luck, especially before a performance.
47. A. sign of stressful situation. This idiom describes a handshake that is so firm that the knuckles turn white, often indicating stress or anxiety.
48. C. I said, "Do not speak of the past." This sentence is in direct speech, while the others are in indirect speech.
49. D. Escaping arrest, he ran away. This sentence uses a participle phrase at the beginning, while the others are simple sentences or compound sentences.
50. D. You know what my errand is. You know my errand. This sentence is a simple sentence, while the others are compound sentences using coordinating conjunctions.

CURRENT AFFAIRS INCLUDING GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

51	B	52	B	53	B	54	A	55	A	56	D	57	B	58	B	59	C	60	C
61	A	62	B	63	B	64	D	65	A	66	B	67	A	68	C	69	D	70	B
71	B	72	B	73	C	74	D	75	C	76	B	77	C	78	D	79	C	80	A

51. B [United Kingdom]. The UK government has implemented groundbreaking laws mandating minimum security standards for internet-connected smart devices, aiming to shield consumers and businesses from hacking and cyber-attacks. Manufacturers are now barred from employing weak default passwords such as "admin" or "12345". Users will be prompted to change any common passwords upon device start-up, enhancing overall security measures.

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52. B [159]. India's World Press Freedom Index score declined from 36.62 to 31.28 in 2024, per Reporters Without Borders. This annual report assesses journalism freedoms across 180 nations. India's rank improved from 161 to 159 due to others' decline. However, India lags behind Turkey, Pakistan, and Sri Lanka. Despite a slight improvement in security, scores fell across other indicators, signaling challenges to press independence.

53. B [Delhi High Court]. The Delhi High Court mandates action against oxytocin use in city dairies due to animal cruelty concerns. Weekly inspections and legal actions ordered by the Delhi government to combat oxytocin misuse, with police involvement. Oxytocin boosts milk production but harms cattle and humans, leading to health issues like uterine ruptures and milk contamination. Misuse violates the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act and Drugs and Cosmetics Act, posing risks to both animals and consumers.

54. A [Philippines]. APSEZ, backed by President Marcos, plans a deep port in Bataan, Philippines, focusing on ports, airports, power, and defense. Regional expansion targets agricultural product ports, fostering tourism and business gateways. Adani cites stable leadership and environment as reasons for investment, indicating confidence in the Philippines' potential.

55. A [Bihar]. The Women's Asian Champions Trophy hockey tournament in 2024 will be held in Rajgir, Bihar, from November 11-20. This event is a milestone for Bihar, as it will take place at the newly-developed Rajgir Hockey Stadium. Top Asian teams, including India, China, Japan, and Korea, will compete in the tournament. The event highlights Bihar's commitment to promoting hockey and hosting international sports. The inauguration of the stadium and the support from local leaders showcase Bihar's readiness for global events.

56. D [Ministry of Communication]. India Post Payment Bank (IPPB) recently celebrated its 7th Foundation Day. IPPB was established under the Department of Posts, Ministry of Communication, with 100% ownership by the Government of India. It aims to provide efficient banking services to every household in India, enhancing financial security and empowerment. IPPB leverages a vast postal network of over 1,61,000 post offices across the country. Services offered include savings and current accounts, Direct Benefit Transfers, bill and utility payments, and access to third-party products like loans and insurance.

57. B. To encourage dialogue, trade partnerships, and innovation in the media and entertainment industry. WAVES aims to "boost India's media and entertainment sector and strengthen its global influence" by fostering dialogue, partnerships, and innovation. This is the core objective of the summit.

58. B [To foster high-performance biomanufacturing]. The Union Cabinet approved the BioE3 (Biotechnology for Economy, Environment and Employment) Policy to boost biotechnology for the economy, environment, and employment. It is managed by the Department of Biotechnology, it focuses on high-performance biomanufacturing. It aims to produce a wide range of bio-based products, from medicines to materials. It addresses challenges in farming and food through advanced biotechnological processes.

59. C [Kolkata]. The Union Minister of Coal and Mines inaugurated the National Landslide Forecasting Centre at the Geological Survey of India (GSI) in Kolkata. The Bhusanket Web Portal and Bhooskhalan Mobile App were launched to facilitate landslide hazard data dissemination and forecasting.

60. C [Assam]. Assam's state government designates Kaji Nemu (Citrus limon), a distinctive lemon variety native to the region, as the official 'State Fruit.' State Agriculture Minister Atul Bora announced the decision, highlighting the fruit's cultural, traditional and nutritional importance to the state and its people.

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61. A [Gyanesh Kumar and Sukhbir Singh Sandhu]. Prime Minister Narendra Modi's three-member selection panel has appointed Gyanesh Kumar and Sukhbir Singh Sandhu as the new Election Commissioners in the Election Commission of India. The appointments have been made under the Chief Election Commissioner and Other Election Commissioners (Appointment, Conditions of Service, and Term of Office) Act 2023.
62. B. Avani Lekhara. Avani Lekhara successfully defended her title in the women's 10m air rifle SH1 event, winning a gold medal.
63. B. He is from the state of Haryana. Sumit Antil, the gold medalist in the men's javelin throw F64 event, is from the state of Uttar Pradesh, not Haryana.
64. D. Population size and growth. While population size and growth can be indirect factors influencing a country's power, the Asia Power Index specifically measures eight aspects: military capability, defense networks, economic capability and relationships, diplomatic and cultural influence, resilience, and future resources.
65. A. [Bihar]. India declared Nagi and Nakti bird sanctuaries as new Ramsar Sites, boosting the nation's count to 82, tied for third globally. Nagi, a man-made reservoir in Bihar's Jamui district, hosts diverse migratory birds like Bar-headed geese and Red-crested Pochard.
66. B [Ladakh]. Recently, a rare "double sun halo" was observed over Ladakh. This optical phenomenon features two concentric rings around the sun, caused by sunlight refracting through ice crystals in cirrus clouds.
67. A [Shubhanshu Shukla and Prasanth Balakrishnan Nair]. India selected Group Captains Shubhanshu Shukla and Prasanth Balakrishnan Nair for the Axiom-4 mission. They will train in the U.S., and their experience will benefit India's human space program. Axiom-4 is the fourth private astronaut mission by NASA and Axiom Space, expected to dock with the ISS for fourteen days. SpaceX is the launch provider for this mission.
68. C. It replaces the Code of Criminal Procedure (CrPC). The BNSS is intended to replace the Indian Penal Code (IPC), not the Code of Criminal Procedure (CrPC). The other options are all key features of the BNSS.
69. D. Mandatory death penalty for all serious crimes. While the BNS introduces several new punishments, it does not include a mandatory death penalty for all serious crimes. The other options are all new punishments introduced by the BNS.
70. B [The process of stopping the physical movement of a cheque and using its electronic image instead]. The RBI recently introduced Continuous Clearing of Cheques under the Cheque Truncation System (CTS) for faster cheque clearance. CTS is an online system that captures and transmits cheque images and Magnetic Ink Character Recognition (MICR) data electronically, eliminating the need for physical cheque movement.
71. B [Surface-active molecules produced by microorganisms]. Research on biosurfactants in food industries highlights challenges in their large-scale commercialization. Biosurfactants are surface-active molecules produced by microorganisms, either on their surface or secreted. They help microorganisms attach or detach from surfaces, regulate bacterial movement, and quorum sensing.
72. B [To provide affordable, high-speed internet connectivity in rural and remote areas]. TRAI has suggested lowering broadband rates for Public Data Offices (PDOs) under the PM-WANI scheme to make internet access cheaper. Launched in 2020, PM-WANI aims to expand broadband access via public Wi-Fi hotspots, especially in rural and remote areas.

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73. C [Bihar]. Bihar Police launched the “Safe Travel Facility” on September 15 to improve safety for women. This 24/7 service is initially available in six districts. Women can call Dial 112 for secure transportation, with police monitoring their journey.

74. D [Odisha]. Odisha granted habitat rights to Saora tribals in Gajapati district, making it the state with the most habitat rights for particularly vulnerable tribal groups (PVTGs). The Saora tribe is one of Odisha’s ancient tribes, mentioned in the Ramayana and Mahabharata. They are also known as Savaras, Sabaras, Saura, and Sora. Besides Odisha, Saoras live in Andhra Pradesh, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, and Assam.

75. C [Kapil Parmar]. Kapil Parmar won a bronze medal at the Paris Paralympics 2024 in the Para Judo Men’s J1-660 Kilogrammes event. He defeated Elielton de Oliveira from Brazil 10-0 via an Ippon, marking India’s first Paralympic medal in Judo. Parmar had previously won a silver medal in the 2022 Asian Games.

76. B [Open Network for Digital Commerce]. Open Network for Digital Commerce (ONDC) launched the Saarthi app in collaboration with Bhashini. Saarthi helps businesses create their own buyer-side apps with multilingual support. It currently supports Hindi, English, Marathi, Bangla, and Tamil, with plans to include all twenty-two languages provided by Bhashini.

77. C [Mohana Singh]. Squadron Leader Mohana Singh became the first woman fighter pilot in the Indian Air Force’s elite 18 ‘Flying Bullets’ squadron, flying the indigenously made LCA Tejas fighter jet. She participated in the ‘Tarang Shakti’ exercise in Jodhpur, where she instructed the vice chiefs of the Army and Navy on the LCA Tejas.

78. D [Yamuna]. The National Green Tribunal (NGT) has instructed the Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board (UPPCB) to present an additional report within two weeks on Hindon River pollution, detailing actions against polluting municipal bodies. Hindon, a Yamuna tributary, spans 400 km from Saharanpur to Noida.

79. C [Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary]. A red panda was recently sighted in Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary, Arunachal Pradesh. This herbivore species uses its bushy tail for balance and warmth. It’s shy, arboreal, and an ecological indicator.

80. A [Israel]. Israel recently passed a new environmental law, adopting European standards for industries. The Knesset approved the law, expected to result in significant environmental improvements and an economic benefit of up to 3 billion Shekels (USD 820 million). The reform aims to align Israel with EU environmental standards, reducing pollution and risks.

LOGICAL REASONING

81	B	82	B	83	A	84	B	85	A	86	C	87	B	88	B	89	B	90	B
91	D	92	B	93	C	94	D	95	B	96	C	97	A	98	C	99	A	100	D
101	B	102	D	103	B	104	D	105	B	106	D	107	A	108	D	109	C	110	B
111	A	112	C	113	D	114	C	115	A	116	B	117	D	118	C	119	A	120	C
121	B	122	D	123	A	124	C	125	B	126	C	127	C	128	D	129	B	130	D
131	D	132	A	133	D	134	B	135	B	136	A	137	C	138	B	139	D	140	B

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141	B	142	C	143	D	144	B	145	D	146	B	147	A	148	B	149	D	150	C
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81. (b) Some lawyers are rich. The first statement establishes that all lawyers are intelligent. The second statement establishes that some intelligent people are rich. Combining these two statements, we can infer that some lawyers (who are intelligent) must also be rich.
82. (b) Some books are valuable. The first statement establishes that some books are old. The second statement establishes that all old things are valuable. Combining these two statements, we can infer that some books (which are old) must also be valuable.
83. (a) Some animals are not cats. The first statement establishes that no dogs are cats. The second statement establishes that some animals are dogs. Combining these two statements, we can infer that some animals (specifically dogs) cannot be cats.
84. (b) Some politicians are intelligent. The first statement establishes that some politicians are honest. The second statement establishes that all honest people are intelligent. Combining these two statements, we can infer that some politicians (who are honest) must also be intelligent.
85. (a) Some fruits are not bitter. The first statement establishes that some fruits are sweet. The second statement establishes that all sweet things are liked. The third statement establishes that no bitter things are liked. Combining these statements, we can infer that since some fruits are sweet and liked, and no bitter things are liked, some fruits must not be bitter.
86. (c) Some animals that can fly are not mammals. The first statement establishes that all birds can fly. The second statement establishes that some animals are birds. The third statement establishes that some animals are not mammals. Combining these statements, we can infer that since some animals are birds (which can fly) and not mammals, some animals that can fly are not mammals.
87. (b) Some pens are expensive. The first statement establishes that some pens are blue. The second statement establishes that all blue things are good. The third statement establishes that some good things are expensive. Combining these statements, we can infer that since some pens are blue and good, and some good things are expensive, some pens must also be expensive.
88. (b) No dogs are carnivores. The first statement establishes that all cats are mammals. The second statement establishes that some mammals are carnivores. The third statement establishes that no dogs are cats. Combining these statements, we cannot directly infer anything about dogs and carnivores. However, since all cats are mammals and no dogs are cats, it follows that no dogs can be carnivores.
89. (b) Some flowers are expensive. The first statement establishes that some flowers are red. The second statement establishes that all red things are beautiful. The third statement establishes that some beautiful things are expensive. Combining these statements, we can infer that since some flowers are red and beautiful, and some beautiful things are expensive, some flowers must also be expensive.
90. (b) Some rich people are not teachers. The first statement establishes that all teachers are intelligent. The second statement establishes that some intelligent people are rich. The third statement establishes that some teachers are not rich. Combining these statements, we can infer that since some teachers are not rich and all teachers are intelligent, some intelligent people (who are rich) must not be teachers.

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91. D; In trespass, the interference with the possession is direct and through some tangible object. Reasonable conclusion drawn that B has committed trespass as there was no consent of A for entry in the Bed room.

92. B; As per the principle, attempt is an act committed in part execution of a criminal intent, more than preparation but falling short of actual commission. The fact that X shoots Y, but the bullet does not hurt Y since Y is out of the shooting range is an attempt, because the said act is more than preparation but short of actual commission.

93. C; Amar while applying for the post of PG Teacher has admittedly submitted fraud / fake documents which was discovered by the school authorities thus according to principle No. 2 Amar was trying to deceive the school by submitting fraudulent documents hence Amar has committed cheating.

94. D; X, was trying to pickpocket Z, while committing pickpocketing X pulled the trigger of the pistol which was in Z's pocket, causing death. X, never had the intention to kill Z. Remember, in criminal law, intention and action are the two ingredients of a crime, X never had the intention to kill Z, but had the intention to pickpocket Z, and has acted in furtherance to the intention. Thus, X is guilty of pickpocketing.

95. B; The principle states that insofar as liability is concerned, it depends on the harm which is suffered by the plaintiff which could be reasonably foreseen by the defendant. It means that if the defendant could reasonably foresee the harm of his action then he will be liable. The facts say that the disaster of stampede was telecasted, which was seen by people on TV and that those people who had seen the said event on TV suffered some harm. Now the question is whether those people who have seen the incident on TV and have suffered harm can claim compensation. The harm suffered by those who had seen the said event on TV suffered some harm is beyond one's foreseeability. Hence, the police are not liable.

96. C; As per the principle employers are held liable for the torts committed by their employees during the course of employment. So the question is whether the alleged events of sexual abuse took place during the course of employment or not. If the events of sexual abuse took place during the course of employment the employer will be liable. Admittedly events of sexual abuse took place during the course of employment, hence the employer will be liable.

97. A; As per the principle private nuisance is a continuous, unlawful and indirect interference with the use or enjoyment of land, or of some right over or in connection with it, since the construction was on the bank of the river Ravi (not a private land), it's a public land and hence private nuisance has not been caused.

98. C; She was aware of the risk, as the driver of the cab was intoxicated. But, there are no chances of an accident. It's a natural phenomenon. As she got injured she is liable for the compensation from the driver. Applying the Consent Defense Consent is an agreed safeguard that might be accessible to you in the event that you are being sued for a deliberate tort.

99. A; Agreements must be made by the free consent of the parties to the contract. If the person was forced then it should not be considered to be free consent. So, here sonu can win because clearly he was forced to accept the contract against his will by Champa to blackmail him into accepting the new offer.

100. D; A contingent contract is a contract to do or not to do something, if some event collateral to such contract, does or does not happen. Contingent contracts to do or not to do anything if an uncertain future event happens, cannot be enforced by law, unless and until that event has happened. If the event becomes impossible, such a contract becomes void. The above noted problem is based on a case, in which, after the

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happening of the event to which such a condition is attended. The reasonable conclusion drawn is that the B has fulfilled the condition.

101. B; The members of the Club are liable for nuisance and the court should pass an order of compensation as the injury is small and could be compensated in terms of money.

102. D; The Council is not liable under rule of strict liability for the damage as the Council's use was neither a non-natural nor dangerous use of the land.

103. B; The defendants joined a substantial share of the manufactures into the lawsuit, the chances of the actual tort-feasor escaping liability is greatly reduced.

104. D; The statement is defamatory and Kaushal is not required to establish actual malice to successfully bring a claim of defamation.

105. B; The renunciation of a contract of future conduct by one party immediately dissolves the obligation of the other party to perform the contract.

106. D; According to statement D, Arshit has two options: it can be either a job in sales or a job in research. Arshit is interested in research. So, if at all Arshit will accept a job in Wikro, he will choose a job in research, which is mentioned in the passage.

107. A; The author didn't prove why the rate at which the information is delivered is not the reason for the confusion. Hence, the assumption of the author to come to the conclusion is A, where the number of broadcast news stories to which a person is exposed is not a factor.

108. D; The flaw in Amrita's argument is that as Amrita is saying that the media cannot be the reason for violence among youngsters as violence among youngsters was already there before the arrival of media, but she is not talking about the scale at which violence was occurring and Anita is talking about the scale of violence among youngsters.

109. C; Statement C, clearly determines the arbitrator's argument where he wants to state that, since the manager knew about the problems with the contractor, he should have taken this into consideration while deciding to close the old facility.

110. B; The spear-thrower and the boomerang were developed by the Tagoian more than 10,000 years ago. Since there was a difference between the two groups, therefore, the Taminians could have the weapons with them.

111. A; a researcher gets more recognition when he disproves something which is already accepted as truth. Therefore, some scientists are skeptical of the widely accepted predictions of global warming. Therefore, they are trying to prove it wrong but a few scientists are getting evidence that the widely accepted prediction of global warming is false.

112. C; 30 Hours – 11/2 Minutes

$$= 30 \times 3 - 11/2 \times 15$$

$$= 90 - 82.5$$

$$= 7.5^\circ$$

113. D; From (iv), option A is not correct.

From (v), option B is not correct.

From (iii), option C is not correct.

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Export Woods, export Rose, domestic Hydra, export Hydra is a complete and accurate list. Hence, option D is the correct answer.

114. C; Statement C satisfies the condition if domestic Hydra is not on sale then one type of Rose will not be on sale either Export Rose or Domestic.

115. A; From (iii), when both types of woods are on sale, then no Neesh is on sale.

From (iv), when neither type of wood is on sale, then domestic Rose is on sale.

Here domestic Rose is not on sale as both types of woods are on sale.

From (i), when export Rose is on sale, domestic Proposal is not.

Hence, the minimum number of domestic perfumes that could be included is one and that is domestic Wood.

116. B; From (iv), (i) and (ii), if neither type of Woods is on sale, then domestic Rose is on sale. Hence, option (b) cannot be true because with export Rose is on sale, then all Hydra is on sale.

117. D; From (iv), (i) and (ii), if neither type of Woods is on sale, then both types of Hydra are on sale. From (v), Hydra is on sale, so no Neesh is on sale. Hence, the Export Proposal on sale cannot be true.

118. C; From (v), as domestic Hydra is the only domestic perfume on sale, then no Neesh is on sale. Again from (iii), if no Neesh is on sale, then woods are on sale. Hence, 'Export Woods is not on sale' cannot be true.

119. A; From (i), (ii) and (iii), we get that Export Rose, Export Proposal, Export Hydra and Export wood are on sale. An Export Neesh is the only export perfume that is not on sale.

120. C;

	Case 1b	Case 2b
Floor	Item	Item
7	Grocery	Stationery
6	Book	Grocery
5	Clothe	
4	Chocolate	Chocolate
3		Book
2	Medicine	Clothe
1	Stationery	Medicine

121. B;

	Case 2a	Case 2b	Case 2c
Floor	Item	Item	Item
7	Stationery	Stationery	Stationery
6	Grocery	Grocery	Cosmetic
5	Medicine	Cosmetic	Grocery
4	Chocolate	Chocolate	Chocolate
3	Cosmetic	Medicine	Medicine
2	Book	Book	Book
1	Clothe	Clothe	Clothe

122. D;

	Case 2a
Floor	Item
7	Stationery
6	Book
5	Clothe
4	Chocolate
3	Grocery
2	Cosmetic
1	Medicine

Follow us On:

130. D;

B+ + means male
| - means female
D- — M

131. D;

Day before yesterday	Tuesday
Yesterday	Wednesday
Today	Thursday
Tomorrow	Friday
Day after tomorrow	Saturday

132. A; If 15th August was Tuesday the 22nd August was Tuesday, 29th August was Tuesday, 5th September was Tuesday and 12th September was also Tuesday. It means 17th September was Sunday.

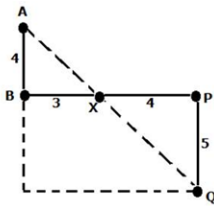
133. D; Distance between A and Q:

$$(AQ)^2 = (4 + 5)^2 + (3 + 4)^2$$

$$(AQ)^2 = 81 + 49$$

$$(AQ)^2 = 130$$

$$AQ = 11.40 \text{ m}$$



134. B; Distance between A and B:

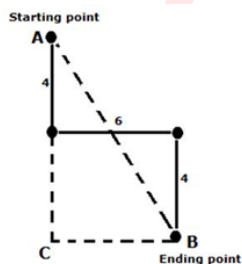
$$(AB)^2 = (AC)^2 + (BC)^2$$

$$(AB)^2 = (8)^2 + (6)^2$$

$$(AB)^2 = 64 + 36$$

$$(AB)^2 = 100$$

$$AB = 10 \text{ km}$$



135. B; The argument concludes that parents of delinquents meet their children fewer times a week and a failure to spend time together with the children is a major factor leading to delinquency. B weakens it by showing that the delinquency is not the result of parents not spending enough time with their children, rather it is the other way round. When parents and children are unhappy with each other, they tend to spend less time together. So we can weaken the argument by stating that not meeting is not a cause of the delinquency but is the result ... when parents find that their children are delinquent, they do not meet them often.

Follow us On:

136. A; We have to strengthen the argument / conclusion that less printer paper will be used as a result of coaching centers sending notes electronically rather than using handwritten study material. We have to choose an option which supports the point that less paper will be used. Option A gives support by stating that when using electronic study material, some paper might be used for explanations- but this amount is far less than if handwritten material is used.

137. C; we have to support the argument that we can induce viewers to project their feelings on screen. The evidence given by the argument to support this conclusion is how a picture of a still river induced a perception of contentment in the audience and the same face when preceded by a violent tsunami picture, made viewers perceive her expression differently.. To support this conclusion, we have to choose a situation when a picture induces a perception of feeling in the audience—C is the correct answer- when a picture of a still river was shown, the audience felt and perceived happiness.

138. B; Order is:

Anand

Gulab

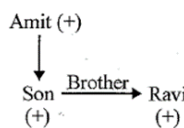
Pramesh

Jairam

Mohan

139. D; ART is OEP, which is available only in D.

140. B;



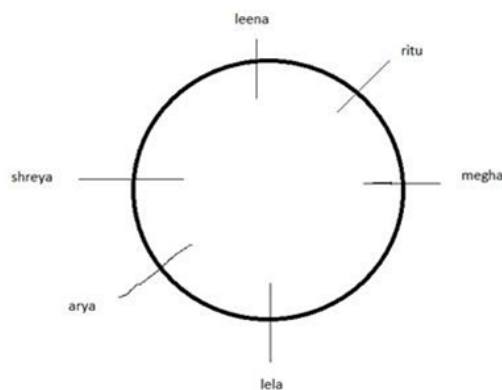
So, Amit is father to Ravi.

141. B. Refusal is the antonym of appeal, similarly Failure is the antonym of try.

142. C. Gale is the synonym of Zephyr, similarly Trickle is the synonym of torrent or we can say that 2nd is more intense than first.

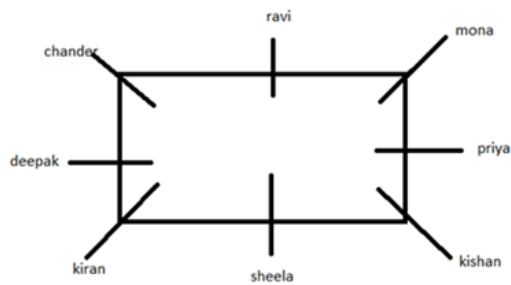
143. D. Both are synonyms of each other, similarly Exonerate is the synonyms of acquittal.

144. B. When Arya exchanges his position with Megha and Leena with Rita, then Lela will be sitting to the Left of Arya.



Follow us On:

145. D. Priya is sitting opposite to Deepak



146. B. According to the passage AXI has suggested a series of short-term and long-term initiatives to cope up with the specter of drought in the country. Now it is up to the government whether to implement the suggestion or not. So, the statement is probably true, not definitely true. Hence option B is correct.

147. A. It is mentioned in the passage that it is necessary to work out a way to take over the loans taken from the primitive money lenders or reschedule them. Hence Govt. meus gives a bailout package to the farmers during drought. Hence inference is definitely true. Hence option A is correct.

148. B. Nothing is mentioned about the flood in the passage. So, it is not possible to compare the methods. But we can't say whether flood is less disastrous than drought. So, inference may be true but not definitely true. Hence option B is correct.

149. D. In the passage it is mentioned that a task force was formed that monitors the drought relief program. We can't predict drought with certainty. So, it may be possible that a permanent strategy will result in the wastage of resources and money. Hence inference is probably false.

150. C. It is mentioned in the passage to scrap the scheme that subsidized the power supply to irrigation channels like pumps, but it is not mentioned in the passage to channelize water into the fields, so the information is not complete. Hence data is inadequate to draw the conclusion.

END OF THE ANALYSIS

"Don't watch the clock; do what it does. Keep studying." – Sam Levenson

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